

# Example Problems Packet

## Hot Mix Testing Recertification

Quality Control / Quality Assurance



**DEPARTMENT OF  
TRANSPORTATION**

**PERCENT RECLAIMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT (RAP) IN THE MIX AS  
PERCENT OF TOTAL AGGREGATE**

WEIGH TICKET ENTRIES

$$C = \frac{A \times \left(\frac{B}{100}\right)}{\left[1 + \left(\frac{B}{100}\right)\right]}$$

$$D = A - C$$

$$F = A \times \left(\frac{E}{100}\right)$$

$$H = A \times \left(\frac{G}{100}\right)$$

$$I = D - (F + H)$$

WEIGH BRIDGE ENTRIES

$$L = \frac{J \times \left(\frac{K}{100}\right)}{\left[1 + \left(\frac{K}{100}\right)\right]}$$

$$M = J - L$$

$$P = \frac{N \times \left(\frac{O}{100}\right)}{\left[1 + \left(\frac{O}{100}\right)\right]}$$

$$Q = N - P$$

$$R = M + Q$$

RAP PERCENTAGES

$$S = \left(\frac{Q}{R}\right) \times 100$$

$$T = \left(\frac{Q}{I}\right) \times 100$$

$$U = \left(\frac{I - R}{I}\right) \times 100$$

## DOT-86 Equations

**Gmm** = maximum specific gravity of paving mix  
**Gsb** = bulk specific gravity of mineral aggregate  
**Pb** = percent asphalt binder content

**Gmb** = bulk specific gravity of compacted mix  
**Gb** = specific gravity of asphalt binder

<b>Gse</b> (Effective specific gravity of mineral aggregate)	=	$\frac{100 - P_b}{\left(\frac{100}{G_{mm}}\right) - \left(\frac{P_b}{G_b}\right)}$
<b>Va</b> (Percent Air Voids)	=	$\left(\frac{G_{mm} - G_{mb}}{G_{mm}}\right) \times 100$
<b>Ps</b> (Percent aggregate content of mixture)	=	$100 - P_b$
<b>VMA</b> (Voids in the Mineral Aggregate)	=	$100 - \left(\frac{G_{mb} \times P_s}{G_{sb}}\right)$
<b>VFA</b> (Voids Filled with Asphalt)	=	$\left(\frac{VMA - V_a}{VMA}\right) \times 100$
<b>Pba</b> (Percent asphalt absorption)	=	$100 \times \left(\frac{G_{se} - G_{sb}}{G_{se} \times G_{sb}}\right) \times G_b$
<b>Pbe</b> (Percent effective asphalt content)	=	$P_b - \left(\frac{P_{ba} \times P_s}{100}\right)$
<b>Dust to Binder Ratio</b>	=	$\left(\frac{\% - \#200 \text{ material} + \% \text{ hydrated lime}}{P_{be}}\right)$
<b>Gmb x</b>	=	$\left(\frac{G_{mb(\text{measured})} \times \text{height}_{(\text{measured})}}{\text{height} \times}\right)$
Calculation for $G_{mb}$ , bulk specific gravity of compacted mix at any given gyration point in the compaction process when x is number of gyrations such as at $N_{10}$ or $N_{500}$		
<b>% of Gmm</b> (Percent of mixture theoretical maximum specific gravity)	=	$\left(\frac{G_{mb}}{G_{mm}}\right) \times 100$

# Problem #1

## Asphalt Binder Content (SD 314)

Complete the DOT-89 form below. What is the Job Mix Formula Tolerance? \_\_\_\_\_

### TANK METHOD

A. Beginning Specific Gravity of Bitumen @ 60°F	<u>1.035</u>
B. Beginning Weight Per Gallon @ 60°F	<u>8.630</u>
C. Temperature of Bitumen in Tank When Check Starts	<u>295*</u>
D. Weight Per Gallon of Bitumen at Temperature	<u>                    </u>
E. Gallons in Tank When Check Starts (calibrated stick)	<u>29272</u>
Gallons at Start (at start of tank use)	<input type="checkbox"/>
f. Weight of Bitumen in Tank (start check) (D x E / 2000)	<u>                    </u>
G. Weight of Bitumen Added to Tank(s)	<u>                    </u>
H. Temperature of Bitumen in Tank When Check Ends	<u>295*</u>
I. Gallons in Tank When Check Ends (calibrated stick)	<u>29094</u>
J. Ending Specific Gravity of Bitumen @ 60°F	<u>1.035</u>
K. Ending Weight Per Gallon @ 60°F	<u>8.630</u>
L. Weight Per Gallon at Temperature	<u>                    </u>
M. Weight of Bitumen in Tank (end check) (I x L / 2000)	<u>                    </u>
Left in Storage (at end of tank use)	<input type="checkbox"/>
N. Weight of Bitumen Used (F + G - M)	<u>                    </u>
O. Weight of Mix Produced (Tons)	<u>                    </u>
P. Percent Bitumen in Mix (N / O x 100)	<u>                    </u>

\*Temp. Correction  
Factor Chart in SD 314

G.	Load #	Invoice #	Tons
	<u>1</u>	<u>10007</u>	<u>26.80</u>
	<u>2</u>	<u>10009</u>	<u>26.47</u>
	<u>3</u>	<u>10012</u>	<u>33.79</u>
	<u>4</u>	<u>10017</u>	<u>40.64</u>
	<u>5</u>	<u>10019</u>	<u>25.65</u>

### Summary of Mix Produced

To Road	<u>3707.24</u>	Tons
Plant Waste	<u>0.0</u>	Tons
Road Waste	<u>0.0</u>	Tons
To Others	<u>0.0</u>	Tons
Produced	<u>3707.24</u>	Tons

# Problem #2

## Hydrated Lime

Complete the DOT-33Q form below. What is the Job Mix Formula Tolerance? \_\_\_\_\_

### TANK METHOD

A. Weight of Lime in Tank at Start (Tons)	<u>41.23</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Tons at Start (at start of project only)	
B. Weight of Lime Added to Tank (Tons)	<u>          </u>
C. Weight of Lime in Tank at End (Tons)	<u>39.37</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Left in Storage (at end of project only)	
D. Weight of Lime Used (A + B - C) (Tons)	<u>          </u>
E. Weight of Mix Produced (Tons)	<u>          </u>
F. Percent of Lime in Mix (D / E x 100)	<u>          </u>

B.	Load #	Invoice #	Tons	Summary of Mix Produced	
	<u>2</u>	<u>5552</u>	<u>34.90</u>	To Road	<u>3707.24</u>
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	Plant Waste	<u>0.0</u>
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	Road Waste	<u>0.0</u>
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	To Others	<u>0.0</u>
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	Produced	<u>3707.24</u>

# Problem #3

## Moisture in the Mix

Complete the calculations below. What is the max % moisture allowed? \_\_\_\_\_

A.	Container Number:	1
B.	Weight of container and cover (g):	222.3
C.	Weight of container, cover and sample (g):	1723.7
D.	Apparent dry weight (g): (C – B)	
E.	Actual dry weight (g): (J – B)	
F.	Moisture in material (g): (D – E)	
G.	% Moisture in the Mix: (F / E) * 100	

### DRYING WEIGH BACK AREA (H)

	Time	Weight (g)
	12:00 PM	1722.1
	2:00 PM	1721.9
	3:00 PM	1721.8
J.	Weight of material and pan:	1721.8

Percent Moisture in the Mix:

Spec:

# Problem #4

## RAP Content

Complete the DOT-93 form below. Use the RAP equation sheet found in the Problems Packet. What is the Job Mix Formula Tolerance? \_\_\_\_\_

### WEIGH TICKET ENTRIES

A.	Total of hot mix produced by tickets (tons)	3707.24
B.	Moisture in the mix percentage (most recent one tested)	0.13
C.	Moisture in the mix (tons)	
D.	Total dry amount of hot mix produce for the day (tons)	
E.	Added binder percentage by cutoff (DOT-89)	4.20
F.	Total amount of added binder (tons)	
G.	Added lime percentage by cutoff (DOT-33Q)	0.99
H.	Total amount of added lime (tons)	
I.	Total dry Virgin MA and RAP from tickets & cutoffs (tons)	

### WEIGH BRIDGE ENTRIES

J.	Weight of Virgin MA from weight bridge totalizer (tons)	2761.1
K.	Percentage moisture in Virgin MA	3.9
L.	Weight of water in in Virgin MA (tons)	
M.	Weight of dry Virgin MA (tons)	
N.	Weight of RAP from weigh bridge totalizer (tons)	830.2
O.	Percent moisture in RAP	0.2
P.	Weight of water in the RAP mixture (tons)	
Q.	Weight of dry RAP from weigh bridge totalizer (tons)	
R.	Total dry Virgin MA and RAP from weigh bridges (tons)	

### RAP PERCENTAGES

S.	Percentage of RAP based on weigh bridges	
T.	Percentage of RAP based on weigh tickets	
U.	% difference between scale tickets and weigh bridges	

# Problem #5

## Draindown

Calculate the draindown percentage on the DOT-91 form below.

Sample ID		Asphalt Draindown Worksheet		DOT - 91	
File No.				9-15	
PROJECT	_____	COUNTY	_____	PCN	_____
Field #	_____	Date Sampled	_____	Date Tested	_____
Sampled By	_____	Tested By	_____	Checked By	_____
MixType	Class S	Asphalt Cement	_____	Cellulose Fibers	_____
		Weight of test sample	1327.4	grams	
Weight of container empty	52.3	grams	Weight of container after test	53.1	grams
Draindown	_____	≤ 0.3%	Temperature of test sample	300	°F



# Problem #6

DOT-86

Gyratory Worksheet

Complete the DOT-86 for  
a Q2R Mix.

Use the equation sheet in  
the Problems Packet.

Mix Temp	275				
% binder Pb	5.4	N initial		Gse	
Gsb	2.609	N design		Pba	
binder Gb	1.035	N max		Pbe	
dust (- #200)	3.70				
lime	0.99				
dust(-#200) + lime		Spec. A (Ndes)		Spec. B (Ndes)	
a) Height, mm		@ N ini	@ N des	@ N ini	@ N des
b) Weight in air		124.2	115.7	124.6	115.9
c) Weight in water			4738.1		4746.5
d) SSD Weight			2724.9		2729.9
e) Gmb (measured) b / (d - c)			4741.8		4749.6
f) Gmb (calculated)					

  

	Gmm #1	Gmm #2
Weight of sample in air	1505.3	1523.9
Weight of canister + H <sub>2</sub> O	1275.3	1275.3
Weight of canister + H <sub>2</sub> O + sample	2166.6	2177.5
Temperature of water	24.4	24.4
H <sub>2</sub> O correction factor	1.0001	1.0001
Rice SpGr (Gmm)		

  

Average Max SpGr (Gmm)

  

	N initial	N design
Average Gmb		
% of Rice SpGr (Gmm)		

  

% Air Voids (Va)		% VMA		% VFA		Dust to Binder Ratio	
Specs:							

# Problem #7

## Core Dryback

Complete the DOT-42-Q form below.

### Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity

Sublot No.	1	2	3	4	5				
Max. Sp. Gr.	2.447	2.452	2.452	2.450	2.441				

Lot Average Maximum Specific Gravity (Standard) \_\_\_\_\_

### In-Place Density Measurement

Percent of Standard = [(Core Bulk Specific Gravity / Lot Average Maximum Specific Gravity)] x 100

Core Sublot		Rand	Cumulative	Station for	Rand	Paving	Distance		Actual Dry	Weight in	SSD	Reheat	Core Bulk		Average
No.	Height	Nbr.	Tonnage	Core	Nbr	Width	from C/L		Weight	Water	Weight	Correction	Specific	Percent of	Percent
												Factor	Gravity	Standard	Standard
1 A	2.00	.61	305	165+52	.28	11	3.1	LT	1340.3	757.7	1351.7		2.256		
1 B	2.25	.99	995	123+71	.65	11	7.2	LT	1430.2	808.0	1440.2		2.262		
2 A	2.13	.06	1,030	121+59	.17	11	1.9	LT	1308.2	739.8	1314.7		2.276		
2 B	2.50	.65	1,825	73+42	.18	11	2.0	LT	1530.2	860.2	1541.3		2.247		
3 A	2.13	.01	2,005	62+51	.82	11	9.0	LT	1312.5	739.0	1321.8		2.252		
3 B	2.25	.32	2,660	22+82	.69	11	7.6	LT	1386.8	780.6	1397.0		2.250		
4 A	2.38	.00	3,000	2+22	.26	11	2.9	LT	1504.5	851.9	1510.3		2.285		
4 B	1.75	.84	3,920	143+72	.90	11	9.9	RT	1197.8	679.8	1202.2		2.293		
5 A	2.38	.36	4,180	127+23	.10	11	1.1	RT	1441.7	802.7	1449.0		2.231		
5 B	2.25	.07	4,535	104+71	.59	11	6.5	RT	1463.7	832.4	1467.9		2.303		

Percent Density: \_\_\_\_\_